



INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consolidated Balance Sheet (Unaudited, expressed in millions of Canadian dollars)

As at	Note	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	16	\$ 210	\$ 114
Trade receivables and other		400	281
Inventories		146	96
Risk management	18	27	6
		783	497
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	5,869	5,993
Exploration and evaluation assets	4	125	125
Other assets	5	196	206
Risk management	18	34	21
Deferred income tax asset		345	382
Total assets		\$ 7,352	\$ 7,224
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 437	\$ 279
Interest payable		34	78
Current portion of provisions and other liabilities	7	38	56
Risk management	18	75	29
		584	442
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term debt	6	2,769	2,912
Provisions and other liabilities	7	371	364
Total liabilities		3,724	3,718
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	8	5,485	5,460
Contributed surplus		169	177
Deficit		(2,053)	(2,158)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		27	27
Total shareholders' equity		3,628	3,506
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		\$ 7,352	\$ 7,224

Commitments and contingencies (Note 20)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statement of Earnings (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(Unaudited, expressed in millions of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts)

	Note	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues					
Petroleum revenue, net of royalties	10	\$ 1,070	\$ 523	\$ 2,942	\$ 1,464
Other revenue	10	21	10	72	41
Total revenues		1,091	533	3,014	1,505
Expenses					
Diluent and transportation	11	412	263	1,216	848
Operating expenses		78	44	211	158
Inventory impairment	5	—	—	5	—
Purchased product		218	134	587	416
Curtailment		—	—	—	(2)
Depletion and depreciation	3, 5	108	87	324	304
Exploration expense		—	—	—	366
General and administrative		14	10	41	35
Stock-based compensation	9	10	10	16	(12)
Net finance expense	13	62	67	195	206
Other expenses	14	21	11	21	41
Other income		—	—	(4)	(6)
Commodity risk management (gain) loss, net	18	(2)	6	269	(476)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	12	77	(70)	(7)	84
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		93	(29)	140	(457)
Income tax expense (recovery)	15	39	(20)	35	(84)
Net earnings (loss)		54	(9)	105	(373)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax					
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:					
Foreign currency translation adjustment		5	(4)	—	6
Comprehensive income (loss)		\$ 59	\$ (13)	\$ 105	\$ (367)
Net earnings (loss) per common share					
Basic	17	\$ 0.17	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.34	\$ (1.24)
Diluted	17	\$ 0.17	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.34	\$ (1.24)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
(Unaudited, expressed in millions of Canadian dollars)

	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance as at December 31, 2020	\$ 5,460	\$ 177	\$ (2,158)	\$ 27	\$ 3,506
Stock-based compensation	—	13	—	—	13
Stock options exercised	6	(2)	—	—	4
RSU vested and released	19	(19)	—	—	—
Comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	105	—	105
Balance as at September 30, 2021	\$ 5,485	\$ 169	\$ (2,053)	\$ 27	\$ 3,628
Balance as at December 31, 2019	\$ 5,443	\$ 182	\$ (1,801)	\$ 29	\$ 3,853
Stock-based compensation	—	9	—	—	9
RSUs vested and released	17	(17)	—	—	—
Comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	(373)	6	(367)
Balance as at September 30, 2020	\$ 5,460	\$ 174	\$ (2,174)	\$ 35	\$ 3,495

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow
(Unaudited, expressed in millions of Canadian dollars)

	Note	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
Cash provided by (used in):					
Operating activities					
Net earnings (loss)		\$ 54	\$ (9)	\$ 105	\$ (373)
Adjustments for:					
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	15	39	(20)	37	(83)
Inventory Impairment	5	—	—	5	—
Depletion and depreciation	3, 5	108	87	324	304
Exploration expense		—	—	—	366
Stock-based compensation	9	(3)	11	(24)	(2)
Unrealized net (gain) loss on foreign exchange	12	78	(70)	(6)	83
Unrealized net (gain) loss on commodity risk management	18	(68)	17	47	(144)
Amortization of debt discount and debt issue costs	6	2	2	6	6
Gain on asset dispositions	3, 5	—	—	(4)	(6)
Debt extinguishment expense	13	—	—	5	—
Other		3	3	6	7
Decommissioning expenditures	7	(1)	(1)	(3)	(3)
Payments on onerous contracts	7	(6)	—	(18)	—
Net change in other liabilities		6	(1)	13	3
Funds flow from operating activities		212	19	493	158
Net change in non-cash working capital items	16	45	(50)	(44)	28
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		257	(31)	449	186
Investing activities					
Capital expenditures	3	(84)	(35)	(225)	(109)
Net proceeds on dispositions	3	—	—	44	6
Net change in non-cash working capital items	16	15	(1)	(10)	(42)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(69)	(36)	(191)	(145)
Financing activities					
Issuance of senior unsecured notes	6	—	—	769	1,581
Repayment and redemption of long-term debt	6	(126)	—	(889)	(1,723)
Debt redemption premium and refinancing costs	6	(4)	—	(23)	(49)
Issue of shares, net of issue costs		—	—	4	—
Receipts on leased assets	16	1	—	2	1
Payments on leased liabilities	16	(7)	(6)	(21)	(19)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(136)	(6)	(158)	(209)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents held in foreign currency		(1)	2	(4)	11
Change in cash and cash equivalents		51	(71)	96	(157)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		159	120	114	206
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 210	\$ 49	\$ 210	\$ 49

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Period ended September 30, 2021

All amounts are expressed in millions of Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

(Unaudited)

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

MEG Energy Corp. (the "Corporation") was incorporated under the *Alberta Business Corporations Act* on March 9, 1999. The Corporation's shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol "MEG". The Corporation owns a 100% interest in over 400 square miles of mineral leases in the southern Athabasca oil region of Alberta, Canada and is primarily engaged in sustainable *in situ* thermal oil production at its Christina Lake Project.

The corporate office is located at 600 – 3rd Avenue SW, Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements ("interim consolidated financial statements") were prepared using the same accounting policies and methods as those used in the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. The interim consolidated financial statements are in compliance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosure normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), has been omitted or condensed. The preparation of interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Corporation's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, have been set out in Note 4 of the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic following the emergence and rapid spread of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19"). COVID-19 continues to impact worldwide demand for crude oil and therefore global commodity markets. Price volatility remains largely due to market sensitivity to COVID-19 related news including vaccine breakthroughs and rollouts, and the resurgence of COVID-19 cases and developing variants of concern. Commodity prices have improved in 2021 in line with increased demand, optimism relating to vaccine rollouts and OPEC+ supply management.

The continued impact on capital and financial markets on a macro-scale present uncertainty and risk with respect to the Corporation's performance, and estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of its financial results.

These interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars (\$ or C\$), which is the Corporation's functional currency and were approved by the Corporation's Audit Committee on November 8, 2021.

3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Crude oil	Transportation and storage	Right-of-use assets	Corporate assets	Total
Cost					
Balance as at December 31, 2020	\$ 9,245	\$ 88	\$ 296	\$ 78	\$ 9,707
Additions	225	—	8	—	233
Dispositions	—	(39)	—	—	(39)
Change in decommissioning liabilities	7	(2)	—	—	5
Balance as at September 30, 2021	\$ 9,477	\$ 47	\$ 304	\$ 78	\$ 9,906
Accumulated depletion and depreciation					
Balance as at December 31, 2020	\$ 3,580	\$ 32	\$ 53	\$ 49	\$ 3,714
Depletion and depreciation	299	—	20	4	323
Balance as at September 30, 2021	\$ 3,879	\$ 32	\$ 73	\$ 53	\$ 4,037
Carrying amounts					
Balance as at December 31, 2020	\$ 5,665	\$ 56	\$ 243	\$ 29	\$ 5,993
Balance as at September 30, 2021	\$ 5,598	\$ 15	\$ 231	\$ 25	\$ 5,869

As at September 30, 2021, property, plant and equipment was assessed for impairment and no impairment was recognized. There were no assets under construction as at September 30, 2021 (assets under construction at December 31, 2020 – \$244 million).

During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, the Corporation completed the sale of non-core industrial lands near Edmonton for cash proceeds of approximately \$44 million, and a gain on sale of \$4 million was recognized.

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

As at September 30, 2021, exploration and evaluation assets consist of \$125 million in exploration projects which are pending the determination of proved or probable reserves. These assets were assessed for impairment and no impairment has been recognized on exploration and evaluation assets.

5. OTHER ASSETS

As at	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Non-current pipeline linefill ^(a)	\$ 170	\$ 176
Finance sublease receivables	15	17
Intangible assets ^(b)	6	7
Deferred financing costs	—	3
Prepaid transportation costs ^(c)	8	8
	199	211
Less current portion, included in trade receivables and other	(3)	(5)
	\$ 196	\$ 206

a. Non-current pipeline linefill on third-party owned pipelines is classified as a non-current asset as these transportation contracts expire between the years 2025 and 2048. During the nine months ended September 30, 2021, an impairment of \$5 million was recognized on long-term linefill.

- b. As at September 30, 2021, intangible assets consist of software that is not an integral component of the related computer hardware. Depreciation of \$1 million was recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 (year ended December 31, 2020 – \$2 million). In 2020, the Corporation sold patents that were recorded at a nominal amount, and recognized a gain on asset disposition of \$6 million.
- c. Prepaid transportation costs related to upgrading third-party transportation infrastructure have been capitalized and are being amortized to transportation expense over the 30-year term of the agreement.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

As at	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Second Lien:		
6.5% senior secured second lien notes (Sept 30, 2021 - US\$396 million; due 2025; December 31, 2020 - US\$496 million)	\$ 505	\$ 633
Unsecured:		
7.125% senior unsecured notes (Sept 30, 2021 - US\$1.2 billion; due 2027; December 31, 2020 - US\$1.2 billion)	1,530	1,531
5.875% senior unsecured notes (Sept 30, 2021 - US\$600 million; due 2029; December 31, 2020 - US\$nil)	765	—
7.0% senior unsecured notes (Sept 30, 2021 - US\$nil; December 31, 2020 - US\$600 million; due 2024)	—	765
	2,800	2,929
Debt redemption premium	—	9
Unamortized deferred debt discount and debt issue costs	(31)	(26)
	\$ 2,769	\$ 2,912

The U.S. dollar denominated debt was translated into Canadian dollars at the period end exchange rate of US\$1 = C\$1.2750 (December 31, 2020 – US\$1 = C\$1.2755).

On August 23, 2021, the Corporation redeemed US\$100 million (approximately C\$125 million) of the Corporation's 6.5% senior secured second lien notes due January 2025 at a redemption price of 103.25% plus accrued and unpaid interest.

On February 2, 2021, the Corporation successfully closed on a private offering of US\$600 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.875% senior unsecured notes due February 2029. The net proceeds of the offering, together with cash-on-hand, were used to fully redeem US\$600 million in aggregate principal amount of its 7.00% senior unsecured notes due March 2024 at a redemption price of 101.167% and to pay fees and expenses related to the offer. The redemption included a prepayment option, recognized as at December 31, 2020, whereby the Corporation was required to make an estimate at the reporting date of the likelihood of the prepayment option being exercised.

As at September 30, 2021, the Corporation had \$788 million of unutilized capacity under the \$800 million revolving credit facility and the Corporation had \$85 million of unutilized capacity under the \$500 million EDC Facility. A letter of credit of \$15 million was issued under the revolving credit facility during the first quarter of 2020 and \$12 million remains outstanding as at September 30, 2021.

7. PROVISIONS AND OTHER LIABILITIES

As at	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Lease liabilities ^(a)	\$ 273	\$ 286
Decommissioning provision ^(b)	103	96
Onerous contract provision ^(c)	7	25
Long-term incentive compensation liability ^(d)	26	13
Provisions and other liabilities	409	420
Less current portion	(38)	(56)
Non-current portion	\$ 371	\$ 364

a. Lease liabilities:

As at	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 286	\$ 281
Additions	9	19
Modifications	—	7
Payments	(41)	(47)
Interest expense	19	26
Balance, end of period	273	286
Less current portion	(25)	(28)
Non-current portion	\$ 248	\$ 258

The Corporation's minimum lease payments are as follows:

As at September 30	2021
Within one year	\$ 49
Later than one year but not later than five years	143
Later than five years	476
Minimum lease payments	668
Amounts representing finance charges	(395)
Net minimum lease payments	\$ 273

b. Decommissioning provision:

The following table presents the decommissioning provision associated with the reclamation and abandonment of the Corporation's property, plant and equipment and exploration and evaluation assets:

As at	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 96	\$ 71
Changes in estimated life and estimated future cash flows	1	4
Changes in discount rates	3	16
Liabilities settled	(3)	(3)
Accretion	6	8
Balance, end of period	103	96
Less current portion	(6)	(3)
Non-current portion	\$ 97	\$ 93

The decommissioning provision represents the present value of the estimated future costs for the reclamation and abandonment of the Corporation's property, plant and equipment and exploration and evaluation assets. The total undiscounted amount of the estimated future cash flows to settle the decommissioning obligations is \$796 million (December 31, 2020 – \$802 million). As at September 30, 2021, the Corporation has estimated the net present value of the decommissioning obligations using a weighted average credit-adjusted risk-free rate of 11.3% (December 31, 2020 – 11.7%) and an inflation rate of 2.1% (December 31, 2020 - 2.1%). The decommissioning provision is estimated to be settled in periods up to the year 2066 (December 31, 2020 - periods up to the year 2066).

c. Onerous contract provision:

The provision represents the present value of the minimum future payments that the Corporation is obligated to make under the non-cancelable onerous contract. There is no impact from discounting as the onerous contract will be settled by December 31, 2021. Liabilities settled during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 were \$18 million.

d. Long-term incentive compensation liability:

As at September 30, 2021, the Corporation recognized a liability of \$61 million relating to the fair value of cash-settled RSUs, PSUs and DSUs (December 31, 2020 – \$23 million). The current portion of \$35 million is included within accounts payable and accrued liabilities and \$26 million is included as a non-current liability within provisions and other liabilities based on the expected payout dates of the individual awards.

8. SHARE CAPITAL

The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares.

Changes in issued common shares are as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2021		Year ended December 31, 2020	
	Number of shares (thousands)	Amount	Number of shares (thousands)	Amount
Balance, beginning of year	302,681	\$ 5,460	299,508	\$ 5,443
Issued upon exercise of stock options	847	6	39	—
Issued upon vesting and release of RSUs and PSUs	3,245	19	3,134	17
Balance, end of period	306,773	\$ 5,485	302,681	\$ 5,460

9. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cash-settled expense (recovery) ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 13	\$ (1)	\$ 48	\$ (10)
Equity-settled expense	4	2	12	9
Equity price risk management (gain) loss ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	(7)	9	(44)	(11)
Stock-based compensation	\$ 10	\$ 10	\$ 16	\$ (12)

(i) Cash-settled RSUs and PSUs are accounted for as liability instruments and are measured at fair value based on the market value of the Corporation's common shares at each period end and certain estimates including a performance multiplier for PSUs. Fluctuations in the fair value are recognized during the period in which they occur.

(ii) Relates to financial derivatives entered into to manage the Corporation's exposure to cash-settled RSUs and PSUs vesting in 2021, 2022 and 2023 granted under the Corporation's stock-based compensation plans. Amounts are unrealized until vesting of the related units occurs. See note 18(d) for further details.

A \$48 million cash-settled expense was recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2021 due to the increase in the Corporation's share price, and associated increase in value of cash-settled RSUs, PSUs and DSUs compared to December 31, 2020, which translated into an increased liability at September 30, 2021, and higher expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 compared to the prior period. As at September 30, 2021, the Corporation recognized a liability of \$61 million relating to the fair value of cash-settled RSUs, PSUs and DSUs (December 31, 2020 – \$23 million). The current portion of \$35 million is included within accounts payable and accrued liabilities and \$26 million is included as a non-current liability within provisions and other liabilities based on the expected payout dates of the individual awards.

10. REVENUES

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Sales from:				
Production	\$ 868	\$ 385	\$ 2,376	\$ 1,035
Purchased product ⁽ⁱ⁾	225	140	610	437
Petroleum revenue	\$ 1,093	\$ 525	\$ 2,986	\$ 1,472
Royalties	(23)	(2)	(44)	(8)
Petroleum revenue, net of royalties	\$ 1,070	\$ 523	\$ 2,942	\$ 1,464
Power revenue	\$ 18	\$ 6	\$ 64	\$ 32
Transportation revenue	3	4	8	9
Other revenue	\$ 21	\$ 10	\$ 72	\$ 41
Total revenues	\$ 1,091	\$ 533	\$ 3,014	\$ 1,505

(i) The associated third-party purchases are included in the consolidated statement of earnings (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) under the caption "Purchased product".

a. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Corporation recognizes revenue upon delivery of goods and services in the following geographic regions:

	Three months ended September 30					
	2021			2020		
	Petroleum Revenue			Petroleum Revenue		
	Proprietary	Third-party	Total	Proprietary	Third-party	Total
Country:						
Canada	\$ 503	\$ 13	\$ 516	\$ 115	\$ —	\$ 115
United States	365	212	577	270	140	410
	\$ 868	\$ 225	\$ 1,093	\$ 385	\$ 140	\$ 525
	Nine months ended September 30					
	2021			2020		
	Petroleum Revenue			Petroleum Revenue		
	Proprietary	Third-party	Total	Proprietary	Third-party	Total
Country:						
Canada	\$ 1,305	\$ 13	\$ 1,318	\$ 507	\$ 34	\$ 541
United States	1,071	597	1,668	528	403	931
	\$ 2,376	\$ 610	\$ 2,986	\$ 1,035	\$ 437	\$ 1,472

Other revenue recognized during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 is attributed to Canada.

b. Revenue-related assets

The Corporation has recognized the following revenue-related assets in trade receivables and other:

As at	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Petroleum revenue	\$ 369	\$ 249
Other revenue	6	4
Total revenue-related assets	\$ 375	\$ 253

Revenue-related receivables are typically settled within 30 days. As at September 30, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there was no material expected credit loss required against revenue-related receivables.

11. DILUENT AND TRANSPORTATION

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Diluent expense	\$ 324	\$ 144	\$ 944	\$ 572
Transportation and storage	88	119	272	276
Diluent and transportation	\$ 412	\$ 263	\$ 1,216	\$ 848

12. FOREIGN EXCHANGE (GAIN) LOSS, NET

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss on:				
Long-term debt	\$ 77	\$ (67)	\$ (9)	\$ 95
US\$ denominated cash and cash equivalents	1	(3)	3	(12)
Unrealized net (gain) loss on foreign exchange	78	(70)	(6)	83
Realized (gain) loss on foreign exchange	(1)	—	(1)	1
Foreign exchange (gain) loss, net	\$ 77	\$ (70)	\$ (7)	\$ 84
C\$ equivalent of 1 US\$				
Beginning of period	1.2405	1.3616	1.2755	1.2965
End of period	1.2750	1.3324	1.2750	1.3324

13. NET FINANCE EXPENSE

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Interest expense on long-term debt	\$ 55	\$ 59	\$ 166	\$ 183
Interest expense on lease liabilities	6	6	19	19
Interest income	(1)	—	(1)	(2)
Net interest expense	60	65	184	200
Accretion on provisions	2	2	6	6
Debt extinguishment expense	—	—	5	—
Net finance expense	\$ 62	\$ 67	\$ 195	\$ 206

For the nine months ended September 30, 2021, debt extinguishment expense was recognized in association with the August 23, 2021 debt redemption and included a cumulative debt redemption premium of \$4 million and associated unamortized deferred debt issue costs of \$1 million. Refer to Note 6 for further details.

14. OTHER EXPENSES

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Settlement expense ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 21	\$ —	\$ 21	\$ —
Contract cancellation ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	—	7	—	33
Severance and restructuring	—	4	—	8
Other expenses	\$ 21	\$ 11	\$ 21	\$ 41

(i) During the third quarter of 2021, the Corporation reached an agreement to settle the litigation matter commenced in 2014 relating to legacy issues involving a unit train transloading facility in Alberta. Under the agreement, the Corporation paid (subsequent to the quarter) the sum of \$21 million in full and final settlement of the claim and the claim has been discontinued.

(ii) Costs incurred to mitigate rail sales contract exposure.

15. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (RECOVERY)

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current income tax expense (recovery)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (2)	\$ (1)
Deferred income tax expense (recovery)	39	(20)	37	(83)
Income tax expense (recovery)	\$ 39	\$ (20)	\$ 35	\$ (84)

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2021, an income tax expense was recognized compared to an income tax recovery in the same periods of 2020 due to increased earnings before income taxes and foreign exchange gains and losses on long-term debt. Also, the Corporation recognized a \$12 million deferred tax expense during the second quarter of 2021 associated with the tax treatment of a prior year investment in pipeline access. The Corporation disputes Canada Revenue Agency's assessment and continues to consider its alternatives.

16. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cash provided by (used in):				
Trade receivables and other	\$ 56	\$ 17	\$ (119)	\$ 175
Inventories	(12)	(46)	(48)	(19)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	66	33	161	(124)
Interest payable	(50)	(55)	(48)	(46)
	\$ 60	\$ (51)	\$ (54)	\$ (14)
Changes in non-cash working capital relating to:				
Operating	\$ 45	\$ (50)	\$ (44)	\$ 28
Investing	15	(1)	(10)	(42)
	\$ 60	\$ (51)	\$ (54)	\$ (14)
Cash and cash equivalents: ^(a)				
Cash	\$ 210	\$ 49	\$ 210	\$ 49
Cash equivalents	—	—	—	—
	\$ 210	\$ 49	\$ 210	\$ 49
Cash interest paid	\$ 94	\$ 108	\$ 190	\$ 213

- a. As at September 30, 2021, \$7 million of the Corporation's total cash and cash equivalents balance was held in U.S. dollars (September 30, 2020 – \$47 million). The U.S. dollar cash and cash equivalents balance has been translated into Canadian dollars at the period end exchange rate of US\$1 = C\$1.2750 (September 30, 2020 – US\$1=C\$1.3324).

The following table provides a reconciliation of assets and liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities:

	Finance sublease receivables	Lease liabilities	Long-term debt
Balance as at December 31, 2020	\$ 17	\$ 286	\$ 2,912
Financing cash flow changes:			
Receipts on leased assets	(2)	—	—
Payments on leased liabilities	—	(21)	—
Issuance of senior unsecured notes	—	—	769
Repayment and redemption of long-term debt	—	—	(889)
Debt redemption premium and refinancing costs	—	—	(23)
Other cash and non-cash changes:			
Lease liabilities settled	—	(20)	—
Lease liabilities incurred	—	9	—
Interest expense on lease liabilities	—	19	—
Unrealized (gain) loss on foreign exchange	—	—	(9)
Debt redemption premium	—	—	4
Amortization of deferred debt discount and debt issue costs	—	—	5
Balance as at September 30, 2021	\$ 15	\$ 273	\$ 2,769

(i) Finance sublease receivables, Lease liabilities & Long-term debt all include their respective current portion.

17. NET EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

	September 30		September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 54	\$ (9)	\$ 105	\$ (373)
Weighted average common shares outstanding (millions) ^(a)	307	303	306	302
Dilutive effect of stock options, RSUs and PSUs (millions) ^(b)	5	—	5	—
Weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted (millions)	312	303	311	302
Net earnings (loss) per share, basic	\$ 0.17	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.34	\$ (1.24)
Net earnings (loss) per share, diluted	\$ 0.17	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.34	\$ (1.24)

- a. Weighted average common shares outstanding for the three months ended September 30, 2021 include nil PSUs vested but not yet released (three months ended September 30, 2020 - 571,529 PSUs). Weighted average common shares outstanding for the nine months ended September 30, 2021 includes 180,688 PSUs vested but not yet released (nine months ended September 30, 2020 - 508,256 PSUs).
- b. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Corporation incurred a net loss and therefore there was no dilutive effect of stock options, RSUs and PSUs. If the Corporation had recognized net earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, the dilutive effect of stock options, RSUs and PSUs would have been 3.9 million weighted average common shares.

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The financial instruments recognized on the consolidated balance sheet are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other, risk management contracts, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, interest payable and long-term debt.

- a. Fair values:

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and interest payable included on the consolidated balance sheet approximates the fair values of the respective assets and liabilities due to the short-term nature of those instruments.

The following fair values are based on Level 2 inputs to fair value measurement:

As at	September 30, 2021		December 31, 2020	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Recurring measurements:				
Financial assets				
Risk management contracts	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 27	\$ 27
Financial liabilities				
Long-term debt (Note 6)	\$ 2,800	\$ 2,909	\$ 2,929	\$ 3,019
Risk management contracts	\$ 75	\$ 75	\$ 29	\$ 29

The estimated fair value of long-term debt is derived using quoted prices in an inactive market from a third-party independent broker. The fair value was determined based on estimates as at September 30, 2021 and is expected to fluctuate given the volatility in the debt and commodity price markets.

The fair value of risk management contracts is derived using third-party valuation models which require assumptions concerning the amount and timing of future cash flows and discount rates. Management's assumptions rely on external observable market data including forward prices for commodities, interest rate yield curves and foreign exchange rates. The observable inputs may be adjusted using certain methods, which include extrapolation to the end of the term of the contract.

b. Risk management:

The Corporation's risk management assets and liabilities consist of WTI and light-heavy differential swaps, and if entered into, options, plus condensate swaps and equity swaps. The use of the financial risk management contracts is governed by a Risk Management Committee that follows guidelines and limits approved by the Board of Directors. The Corporation does not use financial derivatives for speculative purposes. Financial risk management contracts are measured at fair value, with gains and losses on re-measurement included in the consolidated statement of earnings and comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

The Corporation's financial risk management contracts are subject to master agreements that create a legally enforceable right to offset, by counterparty, the related financial assets and financial liabilities on the Corporation's balance sheet in all circumstances.

The following table provides a summary of the Corporation's unrealized offsetting financial risk management positions:

As at	September 30, 2021			December 31, 2020		
	Asset	Liability	Net	Asset	Liability	Net
Gross amount	\$ 61	\$ (205)	\$ (144)	\$ 27	\$ (62)	\$ (35)
Amount offset	—	130	130	—	33	33
Net amount	\$ 61	\$ (75)	\$ (14)	\$ 27	\$ (29)	\$ (2)
Current portion	\$ 27	\$ (75)	\$ (48)	\$ 6	\$ (29)	\$ (23)
Non-current portion	34	—	34	21	—	21
Net amount	\$ 61	\$ (75)	\$ (14)	\$ 27	\$ (29)	\$ (2)

The following table provides a reconciliation of changes in the fair value of the Corporation's financial risk management assets and liabilities from January 1 to September 30:

As at September 30	2021	2020
Fair value of contracts, beginning of year	\$ (2)	\$ (77)
Fair value of contracts realized	222	332
Change in fair value of contracts	(234)	(177)
Fair value of contracts, end of period	\$ (14)	\$ 78

c. Commodity risk management:

The Corporation had the following financial commodity risk management contracts relating to crude oil sales and condensate purchases outstanding as at September 30, 2021:

As at September 30, 2021			
Crude Oil Sales Contracts⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	Volumes (bbls/d)⁽ⁱ⁾	Term	Average Price (US\$/bbl)⁽ⁱ⁾
Enhanced Fixed Price with Sold Put Option			
WTI Fixed Price/Sold Put Option Strike Price	29,000	Oct 1, 2021 - Dec 31, 2021	\$46.18 / \$38.79
Condensate Purchase Contracts			
WTI:Mont Belvieu Fixed Differential	10,950	Oct 1, 2021 - Dec 31, 2021	\$(10.37)
WTI:Mont Belvieu Fixed Differential	200	Jan 1, 2022 - Dec 31, 2022	\$(11.30)
Natural Gas Purchase Contracts	Volumes (GJ/d)⁽ⁱ⁾	Term	Average Price (C\$/GJ)⁽ⁱ⁾
AECO Fixed Price	37,500	Oct 1, 2021 - Dec 31, 2021	\$2.60
AECO Fixed Price	5,000	Jan 1, 2022 - Dec 31, 2023	\$2.50

(i) The volumes and prices in the above table represent averages for various contracts with differing terms and prices. The average prices for the portfolio may not have the same payment profile as the individual contracts and are provided for indicative purposes.

(ii) Incremental to these crude oil sales contracts, the Corporation occasionally enters into contracts to fix the spread between WTI prices for consecutive months within a quarter.

(iii) West Texas Intermediate ("WTI") crude oil

(iv) Western Canadian Select ("WCS") crude oil blend

The Corporation did not enter into financial commodity risk management contracts between September 30, 2021 and November 8, 2021.

The following table summarizes the financial commodity risk management gains and losses:

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Realized loss (gain) on commodity risk management	\$ 66	\$ (11)	\$ 222	\$ (332)
Unrealized loss (gain) on commodity risk management	(68)	17	47	(144)
Commodity risk management (gain) loss, net	\$ (2)	\$ 6	\$ 269	\$ (476)

The following table summarizes the sensitivity of the earnings (loss) before income tax impact of fluctuating commodity prices on the Corporation's open financial commodity risk management positions in place as at September 30, 2021:

Commodity	Sensitivity Range	Increase	Decrease
Crude oil commodity price	± US\$5.00 per bbl applied to WTI contracts	\$ (17)	\$ 17
Condensate purchase price	± 5% in condensate price as a percentage of WTI	\$ 5	\$ 5
Natural gas purchase price	± C\$0.50 per GJ applied to natural gas contracts	\$ 4	\$ (4)

d. Equity price risk management:

The Corporation enters into financial equity price risk management contracts to increase the predictability of the Corporation's cash flow by managing share price volatility. Equity price risk is the risk that changes in the Corporation's own share price impact earnings and cash flows. Earnings and funds flow from operating

activities are impacted when outstanding cash-settled RSUs and PSUs, issued under the Corporation's stock-based compensation plans, are revalued each period based on the Corporation's share price and the revaluation is recognized in stock-based compensation expense. Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities is impacted when these stock-based compensation units are ultimately settled. The Corporation entered into these equity price risk management contracts to manage its exposure on cash-settled RSUs and PSUs vesting between 2021 and 2023.

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Unrealized equity price risk management (gain) loss	\$ (7)	\$ 9	\$ (36)	\$ (11)
Realized equity price risk management (gain) loss	—	—	(8)	—
Equity price risk management (gain) loss	\$ (7)	\$ 9	\$ (44)	\$ (11)

e. Credit risk management:

Credit risk arises from the potential that the Corporation may incur a loss if a counterparty fails to meet its obligations in accordance with agreed terms. The Corporation applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. The Corporation uses a combination of historical and forward looking information to determine the appropriate loss allowance provisions. Credit risk exposure is mitigated through the use of credit policies governing the Corporation's credit portfolio and with credit practices that limit transactions according to each counterparty's credit quality. A substantial portion of accounts receivable are with investment grade customers in the energy industry and are subject to normal industry credit risk. The Corporation has experienced no material loss in relation to trade receivables. As at September 30, 2021, the Corporation's estimated maximum exposure to credit risk related to trade receivables, deposits and advances was \$396 million. All amounts receivable from commodity risk management activities are due from large Canadian banks with strong investment grade credit ratings. Counterparty default risk associated with the Corporation's commodity risk management activities is also partially mitigated through credit exposure limits, frequent assessment of counterparty credit ratings and netting arrangements, as outlined in note 24 of the Corporation's 2020 annual consolidated financial statements.

The Corporation's cash balances are used to fund the development of its properties. As a result, the primary objectives of the investment portfolio are low risk capital preservation and high liquidity. The cash balances are held in high interest savings accounts or are invested in high grade, liquid, short-term instruments such as bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, money market deposits or similar instruments. The cash and cash equivalents balance at September 30, 2021 was \$210 million. None of the investments are past their maturity or considered impaired. The Corporation's estimated maximum exposure to credit risk related to its cash and cash equivalents is \$210 million.

f. Liquidity risk management:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet all of its financial obligations as they become due. Liquidity risk also includes the risk that the Corporation cannot generate sufficient cash flow from the Christina Lake Project or is unable to raise further capital in order to meet its obligations under its debt agreements. The lenders are entitled to exercise any and all remedies available under the debt agreements. The Corporation manages its liquidity risk through the active management of cash, debt and revolving credit facilities and by maintaining appropriate access to credit.

Management believes its current capital resources and its ability to manage cash flow and working capital levels will allow the Corporation to meet its current and future obligations, to make scheduled principal and interest payments, and to fund the other needs of the business for at least the next 12 months. Meeting current and future obligations through periods of volatility is supported by the Corporation's financial framework including a strong commodity risk management program securing cash flow through 2021 and credit risk management policies minimizing exposure related to customer receivables primarily to investment

grade customers in the energy industry. However, no assurance can be given that this will be the case or that future sources of capital will not be necessary.

The Corporation's earliest maturing long-term debt is more than three years out, represented by US\$396 million of senior unsecured notes due January 2025. None of the Corporation's outstanding long-term debt contain financial maintenance covenants. Additionally, the Corporation's modified covenant-lite \$800 million revolving credit facility has no financial maintenance covenant unless drawn in excess of \$400 million. If drawn in excess of \$400 million, the Corporation is required to maintain a quarterly first lien net leverage ratio (first lien net debt to last twelve-month EBITDA) of 3.5 or less. Under the Corporation's credit facility, first lien net debt is calculated as debt under the credit facility plus other debt that is secured on a *pari passu* basis with the credit facility, less cash on hand.

19. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Corporation's capital consists of cash and cash equivalents, debt and shareholders' equity. The Corporation's objective for managing capital is to prioritize balance sheet strength while maintaining flexibility to repay debt, fund sustaining capital, return capital to shareholders or fund future production growth. In the current price environment, management believes its current capital resources and its ability to manage cash flow and working capital levels will allow the Corporation to meet its current and future obligations, to make scheduled principal and interest payments, and to fund the other needs of the business for at least the next 12 months. Debt repayment and sustaining capital expenditure activities are anticipated to be funded by the Corporation's adjusted funds flow, cash-on-hand and/or other available liquidity.

On August 23, 2021, the Corporation redeemed US\$100 million (approximately C\$125 million) of the Corporation's 6.5% senior secured second lien notes due January 2025 at a redemption price of 103.25% plus accrued and unpaid interest.

On February 2, 2021, the Corporation successfully closed on a private offering of US\$600 million in aggregate principal amount of 5.875% senior unsecured notes due February 2029. The net proceeds of the offering, together with cash-on-hand, were used to fully redeem US\$600 million in aggregate principal amount of the 7.00% senior unsecured notes due March 2024 at a redemption price of 101.167% and to pay fees and expenses related to the offer.

The Corporation's earliest maturity date on outstanding debt is January 2025. As at September 30, 2021, the Corporation had \$788 million of unutilized capacity under the \$800 million revolving credit facility and had \$85 million of unutilized capacity under the \$500 million letter of credit facility. A letter of credit of \$15 million was issued under the revolving credit facility during the first quarter of 2020 and \$12 million remains outstanding as at September 30, 2021.

The following table summarizes the Corporation's net debt:

As at	Note	September 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Long-term debt	6	\$ 2,769	\$ 2,912
Cash and cash equivalents		(210)	(114)
Net debt		\$ 2,559	\$ 2,798

Net debt is an important measure used by management to analyze leverage and liquidity.

The following table summarizes the Corporation's funds flow from (used in) operations and adjusted funds flow:

	Note	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		\$ 257	\$ (31)	\$ 449	\$ 186
Net change in non-cash operating working capital items	16	(45)	50	44	(28)
Funds flow from (used in) operations		212	19	493	158
Adjustments:					
Settlement expense ⁽ⁱ⁾	14	21	—	21	—
Payments on onerous contracts	7	6	—	18	—
Contract cancellation	14	—	7	—	33
Adjusted funds flow		\$ 239	\$ 26	\$ 532	\$ 191

(i) During the third quarter of 2021, the Corporation reached an agreement to settle the litigation matter commenced in 2014 relating to legacy issues involving a unit train transloading facility in Alberta. Under the agreement, the Corporation paid (subsequent to the quarter) the sum of \$21 million in full and final settlement of the claim and the claim has been discontinued.

Management utilizes funds flow from (used in) operations and adjusted funds flow as a measure to analyze operating performance and cash flow generating ability. Funds flow from (used in) operations and adjusted funds flow impacts the level and extent of debt repayment, funding for capital expenditures and returning capital to shareholders. By excluding changes in non-cash working capital and non-recurring items from cash flows, the funds flow from (used in) operations and adjusted funds flow measures provide meaningful metrics for management by establishing a clear link between the Corporation's cash flows and the operating netbacks from the Christina Lake Project. Funds flow from (used in) operations and adjusted funds flow are not intended to represent net cash provided by (used in) operating activities.

Net debt, funds flow from (used in) operations and adjusted funds flow are not standardized measures and may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures by other companies.

20. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

a. Commitments

The Corporation's commitments are enforceable and legally binding obligations to make payments in the future for goods and services. These items exclude amounts recorded on the consolidated balance sheet. The Corporation had the following commitments as at September 30, 2021:

	2021 ⁽ⁱ⁾	2022	2023	2024	2025	Thereafter	Total
Transportation and storage ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	\$ 100	\$ 405	\$ 441	\$ 441	\$ 416	\$ 5,677	\$ 7,480
Diluent purchases	121	28	17	—	—	—	166
Other operating commitments	6	16	16	13	12	37	100
Variable office lease costs	1	4	4	4	4	27	44
Capital commitments	37	—	—	—	—	—	37
Commitments	\$ 265	\$ 453	\$ 478	\$ 458	\$ 432	\$ 5,741	\$ 7,827

(i) Amounts represent contractual maturities occurring in the fourth quarter of 2021.

(ii) This represents transportation and storage commitments from 2021 to 2048, including the Access Pipeline TSA, and pipeline commitments which are awaiting regulatory approval and are not yet in service. Excludes finance leases recognized on the consolidated balance sheet (Note 7(a)).

b. Contingencies

The Corporation is involved in various legal claims associated with the normal course of operations. The Corporation believes that any liabilities that may arise pertaining to such matters would not have a material impact on its financial position.

The Corporation was the defendant to a statement of claim originally filed in 2014 in relation to legacy issues involving a unit train transloading facility in Alberta. The claim was amended in the fourth quarter of 2017 asserting a significant increase to damages claimed. The Corporation filed a statement of defense in the first quarter of 2018. During the third quarter of 2021, the Corporation reached an agreement to settle this litigation matter. Under the agreement, the Corporation paid (subsequent to the quarter) the sum of \$21 million in full and final settlement of the claim and the claim has been discontinued.